

# Geocalce Multiuso

Certified, universal breathable plaster/finishing coat made of pure natural NHL lime and geo-binder - from 3 to 30 mm. Water-repellent, specific as a levelling plaster/finishing coat for absorbent surfaces or synthetic coverings in the restoration of buildings, the renovation of old facades, and fine Historical Restoration. Thanks to its properties, it is specific for use as anti-collapse protective system for stud walls and as break-away protection system for brick and cement floor slabs. Ideal for finishing certified structural reinforcement systems created with epoxy or mineral matrix.

Geocalce Multiuso is a white geo-mortar, with compressive strength class CS IV under EN 998-1 and Class r1 under EN 1504-3.

## 1. Health and safety

The first breathable lime-based structural mortars that ensure high permeability to vapour. Used in combination with Kerakoll strengthening systems, they increase the mechanical resistance of the existing walls in order to improve the structural safety of the building.

## 2. Low elastic modulus

Thanks to the use of NHL lime and the geo-binder, the Geocalce range features a low elastic modulus that creates a perfect balance with characteristic strengths typical of masonry structures of all types.

## 3. Culture and tradition

The Geocalce range respects and satisfies the needs of applications on buildings subjected to Historical Restoration of Environmental and Architectural Heritage buildings and on traditional buildings.



## Rating 5

- ✓ Pollution Reduced
- ✓ Bacteriostatic
- ✓ VOC Low Emission
- ✓ CO<sub>2</sub> Emission ≤ 250 g/kg
- ✓ Recycled Regional Mineral ≥ 30%

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## Natural Ingredients

	Pure NHL 3.5 certified natural lime		Siliceous Washed Natural River Sand (0,1-1 mm)
	Mineral geo-binder		Selected Dolomitic Limestone (0-1,4 mm)
	Siliceous Washed Natural River Sand (0.1-0.5 mm)		Pure fine white Carrara marble (0-0,2 mm)

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## Areas of application

### → Intended use:

Geocalce Multiuso is an all-purpose ready-to-use geo-mortar suitable for smoothing, levelling, and plastering any type of absorbent or non-absorbent substrate with thickness varying from 3 to 30 mm per individual coat. Applicable by hand or machine. For internal and external use. (x UK) - Indoor and outdoor use. (x INDIA).

Geocalce Multiuso is well suited as finishing coat and as plaster/render in Historical Restoration, in which the all-natural components guarantee compliance with the crucial levels of porosity, hygroscopicity and breathability required.

Geocalce Multiuso is especially well suited as plaster/render or high-thickness finishing coat on Kerakoll certified structural reinforcement systems. Geocalce Multiuso is ideal for creating protective systems for brick and cement floors subject to break-away of the bottom layer and for brick walls with returning problems, paired with the basalt fibre Geo Grid 120 or basalt fibre and stainless steel mesh Geosteel Grid 200 or the AR fibreglass and Rinforzo ARV 100 aramid mesh.

Geocalce Multiuso is ideal for finishing:

- plaster/render, concrete, plasterboard
- old synthetic coatings
- mosaics and ceramic tiles
- glazes and paints
- squaring up of rooms, recesses and doorjambs

Geocalce Multiuso is ideal for levelling:

- Thicknesses from 3 to 30 mm
- hollow clay blocks, thermal insulation blocks, concrete, old masonry
- partial reconstructions of plaster/render

Geocalce Multiuso is ideal for rebuilding:

- modern and historic masonry
- to repair lesions, grout gaps, execute break-fill techniques on masonry
- to fix thresholds, repair steps
- to fix roof tiles, cover ridges and chimneys

Do not use on gypsum and anhydrite substrates, plastic materials, wood, or metals; substrates subject to movement, on substrates with moisture rising present.

# Instructions for use

## → Preparation of substrates

The substrate must be compact and clean, free of dust, mould, or flaking/crumbling parts. Clean the surfaces by sand-blasting or sanding until achieving a surface roughness equal to level 5 of the test kit for preparation of reinforced concrete and masonry substrates. Subsequent power washing to remove all residue from previous operations which could impair adhesion. Remove inconsistent rendering mortars from between the stones. Use Geocalce F Antisismico or Geocalce G Antisismico and the fragment-filling and/or break-fill techniques to rebuild missing sections of the wall and restore an even surface. Absorbent substrates must be wetted until fully saturated, leaving a saturated substrate with no excess water on the surface.

Non-absorbent substrates must be dry.

## → Preparation and application

Geocalce Multiuso is prepared by mixing one 25-kg bag with clean water in the quantities shown on the packaging. The paste is made by pouring the water into a clean container and adding the powder gradually. Quickly mix by working manually or with a low-rev, mechanical stirring device until a smooth and lump-free mortar is obtained.

If using a standard cement mixer, mix by pouring water into the clean cement mixer and then add the powder in one operation. Wait until the right consistency forms while mixing. In the first 1-2 minutes the product will seem dry; do not add water at this stage. Keep mixing for 4-5 minutes until a smooth, spongy and lump-free consistency is achieved. Use all of prepared mixture; do not reuse it in subsequent mixings. Geocalce Multiuso has the same plasticity of the best natural limes, making it ideal for applications using a plaster sprayer. It is recommended to use a continuous cycle pump equipped with a stator suitable for the maximum grain size of the product (1.4 mm) or an indirect mixing pump. Prepare the substrate, filling in any fragments if necessary to create a flat, smooth surface. Then wet the substrate until it is fully saturated, yet with no excess water on the surface.

Geocalce Multiuso is applied by hand with a trowel or by machine like a traditional plaster/render; as a finishing coat or levelling layer it is spread using toothed spreader over a prepared and dampened substrate pressing firmly in the first coat and with a sponge or smoothing layer in the final coat.

## → Protective systems for brick and cement floors subject to break-away of the bottom layer and for brick walls with overturning problems

Substrate preparation: first completely remove paints and check the condition of the existing plaster/render. If the plaster/render is well bonded to the substrate, clean the substrate to remove dust, grease, oils and other contaminants that may compromise the adhesion of the prevention system.

Low-thickness widespread strengthening systems are created in the following phases:

- a) lay the first coat of Geocalce Multiuso, approximately 3 - 5 mm thick;
- b) while the mortar is still fresh, lay the Geo Grid 120 basalt fibre mesh or the Geosteel Grid 200 basalt fibre and stainless steel mesh or the Rinforzo ARV 100 AR fibreglass and aramid fibre mesh; make sure that the mesh is completely impregnated and avoid allowing any gaps or air bubbles to form, because these can compromise the adhesion of the mesh to the matrix or to the substrate;
- c) insert dry connection systems, if any, made with Steel Dryfast stainless steel helical bars;
- d) lay the second coat of Geocalce Multiuso, approximately 3 - 5 mm thick, in order to completely embed the reinforcing mesh and fill any underlying voids;
- e) repeat steps (a) and (b) if necessary for all the subsequent strengthening layers called for by the project.

## → Cleaning

Geocalce Multiuso is a natural product and tools can be cleaned with water before the product hardens.

# Certificates and marks



# Abstract

Creation of very high breathability white water-repellent plaster/finishing coat for internal and external walls with pure NHL 3.5 natural-lime-based mortar and geo-binder, siliceous sand inert materials and Dolomitic limestone in 0 - 1.4 mm granulometric curve, GreenBuilding Rating 5 (such as Geocalce Multiuso). The required characteristics, obtained exclusively through the use of raw materials of all-natural origin, make the plaster/finishing extremely breathable (coefficient of resistance to water vapour  $\leq 6$ ) and a natural thermal conductivity (equal to 0.45 W/(m K)). The natural plaster/finishing must also meet the requirements of standard EN 998/1 - GP / CS IV / W1 and EN 1504/3, adhesion  $\geq 0.1$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>, A1 class reaction to fire. The plaster/finishing will be no thicker than 30 mm per coat. To be applied by hand or using a plastering machine. Coverage: as plaster/render  $\approx 13$  kg/m<sup>2</sup> per cm thickness, as finishing coat  $\approx 1.3$  kg/m<sup>2</sup> per mm thickness.

Technical Data compliant with Kerakoll Quality Standard		
Appearance	Powder	
Aggregate mineral content	silicate - carbonate	
Grading	0 – 1,4 mm	
Shelf life	≈ 12 months from production in the original sealed packaging, protect from humidity	
Pack	25 kg bags	
Mixing water	≈ 5.3 l / 1 x 25 kg bag	
Apparent density of wet mortar	≈ 1730 kg/m³	EN 1015-6
Apparent density of dry, hardened mortar	≈ 1300 kg/m³	EN 1015-10
Temperature range for application	from +5 °C to +35 °C	
Minimum thickness	≥ 3 mm	
Maximum thickness per layer	≈ 30 mm	
Coverage:		
- as a plaster	≈ 13 kg/m² per cm of thickness	
- as a finishing coat	≈ 1.3 kg/m² per mm of thickness	

Values taken at +20  $\pm$  2 °C, 65  $\pm$  5% R.H. and no ventilation. Data may vary depending on specific conditions at the building site

Performance			
VOC Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) - Volatile organic compound emissions			
Conformity	EC 1 plus GEV-Emicode		GEV certified 7829/11.01.02
Active INDOOR AIR QUALITY (IAQ) - Dilution of indoor pollutants *			
	Flow	Dilution	
Toluene	234 µg m²/h	+57%	JRC method
Pinene	137 µg m²/h	test failed	JRC method
Formaldehyde	3886 µg m²/h	+25%	JRC method
Carbon dioxide (CO2)	135 mg m²/h	+93%	JRC method
Humidity (Humid Air)	26 mg m²/h	+21%	JRC method
HIGH-TECH			
Performance characteristic	Test Method	Anforderungen nach DIN EN 998-1	Performance
Compressive strength after 28 days	EN 1015-11	Reference class	CS IV
Adhesion to masonry after 28 days	EN 1015-12	None	> 1 N/mm²
Water absorption through capillary action	EN 1015-18	categories	W1
Water vapour permeability coefficient (µ)	EN 1015-19	Declared value	≤ 13
Thermal conductivity (λ10, dry,mat)	EN 1745	table value	0.54 W/(m K)
Durability (freeze/thaw)	EN 998-1		evaluation based on regulations applicable to mortar in the country of use
Reaction to fire	EN 13501-1	Euroclass	A1
	Test Method	Requirements of EN 1504-3 class R1	Performance in PCC conditions
Compressive strength after 28 days	EN 12190	≥ 10 N/mm²	> 10 N/mm²
Flexural tensile strength after 28 days	EN 196-1	None	> 4 N/mm²
Adhesive bond after 28 days	EN 1542	≥ 0,8 N/mm²	> 1 N/mm²
Thermal compatibility with freeze/thaw cycles with de-icing salts	EN 13687-1	visual inspection	value exceeded
Chloride ion content (determined on the product in powder form)	EN 1015-17	≤ 0.05%	≤ 0.05%
Reaction to fire	EN 13501-1	Euroclass	A1
	Test Method	Requirements of standard	Performance
Porosity	WTA 2-2-91/D	None	≥ 40%
Adhesion on clay brick	EN 1015-12	None	> 1 N/mm²

Values taken at +20 ± 2 °C, 65 ± 5% R.H. and no ventilation. Data may vary depending on specific conditions at the building site.  
\* Tests carried out according to JRC method - Joint Research Centre - European Commission, Ispra (Varese, Italy) - to measure the reduction of polluting substances in indoor environments (Indoortron Project). Flow and speed in proportion to a standard construction mortar (1.5 cm).

# Warning

- Product for professional use

→ abide by any standards and national regulations

→ store the product in places protected against the heat in summer months and against the cold during the winter

→ protect the surfaces from air currents
- if necessary, ask for the safety data sheet

→ for any other issues, contact Kerakoll Technical Customer Service:

+ 39 0536.811.516

[www.kerakoll.com/contatti](http://www.kerakoll.com/contatti)



The Rating classifications refer to the GreenBuilding Rating Manual 2012. This information was last updated in December 2024 (ref. GBR Data Report – 12.24); please note that additions and/or amendments may be made over time by KERAKOLL SpA; for the latest version, see [www.kerakoll.com](http://www.kerakoll.com). KERAKOLL SpA shall therefore be liable for the validity, accuracy and updating of information provided only when taken directly from its institutional website. The technical data sheet given here is based on our technical and practical knowledge. As it is not possible for us to directly check the conditions of your building site and the execution of the work, this information represents general indications that do not bind Kerakoll in any way. Therefore, it is advisable to perform a preliminary test to verify the suitability of the product for your purposes.